# Minnesota State Postings



# MINNESOTA

## Age discrimination

Know your rights under Minnesota laws prohibiting age discrimination

### It is unlawful for an employer to:

- · refuse to hire or employ a person on the basis of age;
- reduce in grade or position or demote a person on the basis of age:
- . discharge or dismiss a person on the basis of age; or
- · mandate retirement age if the employer has more than 20 employees [29 United States Code §630 (b)].

Employers terminating employees 65 or older because they can no longer meet job requirements must give 30 days notice of intention to terminate.

This poster contains only a summary of Minnesota law. For more information, contact the

> Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry Phone: (651) 284-5070 Minnesota Department of Human Rights

## Phone: (651) 539-1100 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

651-284-5075 • 1-800-342-5354 dli.laborstandards@state.mn.us • www.dli.mn.gov

Posting required by law in a location where employees can easily see this notice

## UNEMPLOYED?

Have you lost your job or had your work hours reduced?

You have the right to apply for Unemployment Insurance benefits.

## Apply online at: www.uimn.org

or by telephone: 651-296-3644 (Twin Cities)

Toll free 1-877-898-9090 (Greater Minnesota)

TTY users: 1-866-814-1252

This information is available in an alternative (accessible) format by calling 651-259-7223.

DEED is an Equal Opportunity

## Minimum wage rates

Effective: Jan. 1, 2023

	MINIMUM WAGE RATE	
Large employer - Any enterprise with annual gross revenues of \$500,000 or more	\$10.59/hour	
Small employer Any enterprise with annual gross revenues of less than \$500,000		
Training wage – May be paid to employees aged 18 and 19 the first 90 consecutive days of employment	\$8.63/hour	
Youth wage - May be paid to employees aged 17 or younger		
J-1 Visa - May be paid to employees of hotels, motels, lodging establishments and resorts working under the authority of a summer work, travel Exchange Visitor (J) non-immigrant visa	\$8.63/hour	

OVERTIME	Time-and-one-half the employee's regular rate of pay	Small or state-covered employers	Large and federally covered employers	d employers
		After 48 hours	After 40 hours	

EMPLOYEE RIGHTS

An employer may not discharge, discipline, threater, discriminate or penalize an employee regarding the employee's compensation, conditions, location or privileges of employment because the employee reports a violation of any law or refuses to participate in an activity the employee knows is a visiation of law.

View complete wage-rate information at www.dli.mn.gov/business/employment-practices/minimum-wage-minnesota

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### Notice to Employers / Employees

Your state has its own minimum wage law which requires posting a notice regarding the aspects of that law. Employers are still required to post the Federal Minimum Wage notice from the U.S. Dept. of Labor Fair Labor Standards Act in addition to this state posting. According to the Dept. of Labor; where Federal and state law different minimum wage rates, the higher standard applies,

This Posting is for Informational Purposes Only

## Safety and health protection on the job

## **Employees**

The Minnesota Occupational Safety and Health Act (the Act) requires that your employer provide you with a workplace free of known hazards that can cause death, injury or illness. You also have the following workplace rights and

- . You must follow all Minnesota OSHA (MNOSHA) standards and your employer's safety rules.
- . Your employer must provide you with information about any hazardous chemicals, harmful physical agents and infectious agents you are exposed to at work.
- You have the right to discuss your workplace safety and health concerns with your employer or with MNOSHA.
- Now have the right to refuse to perform a job duty if you believe the task or equipment will place you at immediate risk of death or serious physical injury. However, you must do any other task your employer assigns you to do. You cannot simply leave the workplace.
- . You have the right to be notified and co employer requests any variance from MNOSHA standard
- You have the right to speak to a MNOSHA investigator
- . You have the right to file a complaint with MNOSHA about safety and health hazards and request that an inspection be conducted, MNOSHA will not reveal your name to the employer.
- . You have the right to see all citations, penalties and ment dates issued to your employer by
- Not employer cannot discriminate against you for exercising any of your rights under the Act. Novever, your employer can discipline you for not following its safety and health rules. If you feel your employer has discriminated against you for exercising your rights under the Act, you have 30 days to file a complaint with MNOSHA.
- Your employer must provide you with any exposure and medical records it has about you upon request
- You have the right to participate in the development of standards by MNOSHA.

**Employers** 

### You must provide your employees with a safe and healthful work environment free from any known hazards that can cause death, injury or illness and comply with all applicable MNOSHA standards. You also have the following rights and

- You must post a copy of this poster and other MNOSHA documents where other notices to employees are posted.
- You must report to MNOSHA within eight hours all accidents resulting in the death of an employee.
- . You must report to MNOSHA within 24 hours all accidents resulting in any amputation, eye loss or inpatient hospitalization of any employee.
- You must allow MNOSHA investigators to conduct inspections, interview employees and review records.
- You must provide all necessary personal protective equipment and training at your expense.
- You have the right to participate in the development of standards by MNOSHA.

Free assistance to identify and correct hazards is available to employers, without citation or pensity, through MNOSHA Workplace Safety Consultation at (651) 284-5060, 1-800-657-3776 or osha.consultation@state.mn.us. Contact MNOSHA for a copy of the Act, for specific safety and health standards or to file a complaint about workplace

Employers, employees and members of the general public who wish to file a complaint regarding the MMASHA program may write to the federal GSAN Regions of office at: U.S. Department of Labou Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Chicago Regional Office; 230 S. Dearborn Street, Room 3244, Chicago, I. 60004.

(651) 284-5050 \* 1-877-470-6742 \* osha.compilance@state.mr.us \* www.dli.mn.gov Posting required by law in a location where employees can easily see this notice.

## Workers' compensation

### If you are injured

- Report any injury to your supervisor as soon as possible, no matter how minor it may appear. You may lose the right to workers' componentiation benefits if you do not make a timely report of the injury to your employer. The time limit may be as short as 14 days.
- Provide your employer with as much information as possible about your injury.
- you are not covered by a certified managed care organization (CMCII), you may treat with a doctor of your choice. Your employer must notify you in writing if you are covered by a CMCO.
- Cooperate with all requests for information concerning your claim.

The law allows the workers' com

The insurer cannot obtain other medical records unless you sign a written authorization.

Bot written confirmation from your doctor about any authorization to be off work. The note should be as specific as possible.

### Workers' compensation pays for

- Medical care for your work injury, as long as it is reasonable and ne
- . Wage-loss benefits for part of your lost income Compensation for permanent damage to or loss of function of a body part

- Benefits to your spouse and/or dependents if you die as a result of a work injury

### What the insurer must do

- The issurer must investigate your claim promptly. If you have been disabled for more than three calendar-days, the insurer must begin payment of benefits or send you a denial of leability within 14 days after your employer knew you were off work or had lost wages because of your claimed ripay.
- If the insurer accepts your claim for wage-loss benefits and you have been disable for more than three calender-days: The insurer will notify you and must start caying wage-loss benefits within the 14 days noted above. The insurer must polyberiffs on time. Wage-loss benefits are paid at the same intervals as your work psychocks.
- If the inscree denies your claim for wage-loss benefits and you have been disabled for more than three calendar-days. The inscre will send notice to you within 14 days. The notice must denily explain the footh and reasons will they believe your legary or illness old not result from your work or why the claimed wage-loss benefits are not

If you disagree with the denial, talk with the insurance claims adjuster who is handling your claim. If you are not satisfied and still disagree with the denial, call the Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry's Workers' Compensation Hotline at

### Insurer name and contact information

## concern workers compensation benefits yo are not entitled to is theft Call 1-888-372-8366 to report workers

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

(651) 284-5032 • 1-800-342-5354 • dli.workcomp@state.mn.us • www.dli.mn.gov Posting required by law in a location where employees can easily see this notice

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